STUDY MODULE	DESCRIPTION	FORM			
Name of the module/subject		Co			
Work environment diagnosis	Profile of study		11102231011126458 Year /Semester		
Safety Engineering - Full-time studies - Seco	(general acade		2/3		
Elective path/specialty	Subject offered	in:	Course (compulsory, elective)		
Ergonomics and Work Safety	Po	olish	obligatory		
Cycle of study:	Form of study (full-tin	me,part-time)			
Second-cycle studies		full-time			
No. of hours			No. of credits		
Lecture: - Classes: - Laboratory: 3	0 Project/semir	nars: -	2		
Status of the course in the study program (Basic, major, other)	(university-wide, f	from another field)			
(brak)		(br	· ·		
Education areas and fields of science and art			ECTS distribution (number and %)		
Responsible for subject / lecturer:					
dr inż. Małgorzata Wejman					
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Faculty of Engineering Management					
ul. Strzelecka 11 60-965 Poznań					
Prerequisites in terms of knowledge, skills a	nd social comp	etencies:			
	e student has knowledge of ergonomics in technology, ecology, basics of diagnosing and onomic design as well as occupational.				
	The students can interpret relationships occurring in the system of human-technical object, organize work that causes minimal workload ensures security.				
3 Social The student is aware of the social role of a technical college graduate, and of predispositions to apply occupational safety principles.					
Assumptions and objectives of the course:					
-Presenting the students a detailed knowledge of the theoret	ical and practical pro	blems as well a	s methods of ergonomic		
diagnosis occupational safety of a man. The use of diagnosis results in design. The knowledge and skills should allow the					
student to apply ergonomic diagnoses and occupational safe body, and suggesting the proposals for corrective action.	ety, in terms of adapti	ng work to the c	apabilities of the numan		
Study outcomes and reference to th	e educational re	esults for a f	field of study		
Knowledge:					
1. Has extensive knowledge of recognizing the association of	f a certain problem to	o a given discipl	ine [[K2A_W01]]		
2. Knows an in-depth characterization of dependencies within a given discipline [[K2A_W02]]					
3. Knows the definition of the subject and scope of the discipline [[K2A_W04]]					
4. Knows the relationships between a given discipline and of	her disciplines [[K2	2A_W06]]			
5. Has a basic knowledge of the objects and organizational and socio-technical systems lifecycle [[K2A_W16]]					
6. Knows the basic dependencies that exist when solving sin	nple engineering prot	plems in the field	d of safety engineering		
[[K2A_W19]]	1 3 3 31 31 31		a of safety engineering.		

1. Can acquire, integrate, interpret data from literature, database or other properly matched sources, both in English or other foreign language accepted as an international language of communication within Safety Engineering, as well as to draw conclusions, formulate and justify opinions. - [[K2A_U1]]

2. Can apply various techniques in order to communicate in occupational environment and other environments. - [[K2A_U2]]

3. Has self-study ability and comprehends it - [[K2A_U5]]

4. Student can apply information-communicative techniques to deal with tasks that are typical of engineering activity. - [[K2A_U7]]

5. Is able to plan and carry out experiments, including measurements and computer simulations to interpret the results and draw conclusions. - [[K2A_U8]]

6. Can, while formulating and solving engineering tasks, discern their systemic and non-technical aspects and also sociotechnical, organizational and economic approach. - [[K2A_U10]]

Social competencies:

1. Understands the need and knows means how to self-study (first, second and third cycle studies, postgraduate studies, qualification courses)- improving professional, personal and social competence; can argument the need to learn for the whole life. - [[K2A_K1]]

2. Student is fully aware of the responsibility that he has taken for his own work and expresses readiness to comply with the rules of team work as well as responsibility for mutually realized and completed tasks. - [[K2A_K3]]

3. Can determine some causal relationships in the process of targets implementation and rank pertinence of alternative or competitive tasks. - [[K2A_K4]]

Assessment methods of study outcomes

- Checking the knowledge before the laboratory exercises.

- Preparation of reports on activities.

- Final test

Course description

-Living and working environment of a man. Technology as a source of occupational environmental risks to human.

-The man- technology-environment system as an object of a diagnosis.

-Diagnosing loads in the work environment.

-Computer-aided diagnosis process of an occupational environment.

Basic bibliography:

1. Wejman M., Diagnozowanie środowiska pracy. Ćwiczenia laboratoryjne. (Diagnosing occupational environment. Laboratory classes), Wyd. Politechniki Poznańskiej, Poznań 2012

Additional bibliography:

1. Norms, standards, regulations specified by the lecturer.

Result of average student's workload

Activity	Time (working hours)
1. Participation in laboratory classes	30
2. Preparationfor for classes	15
3. Preparation of reports	15
4. Preparation for the final assignment	5

Student's workload

Source of workload	hours	ECTS
Total workload	65	1
Contact hours	30	1
Practical activities	30	0